(19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date 27 December 2001 (27.12.2001)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number WO 01/98639 A1

- (51) International Patent Classification⁷: F01M 11/12, G01F 23/04
- (21) International Application Number: PCT/SE01/01390
- (22) International Filing Date: 19 June 2001 (19.06.2001)
- (25) Filing Language:

Swedish

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data: 0002347-3

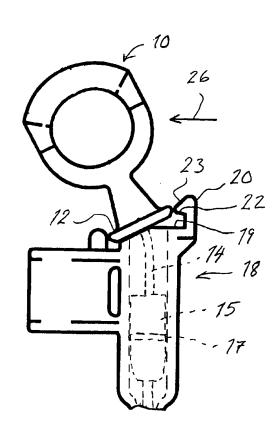
20 June 2000 (20.06.2000) SE

- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): VOLVO LASTVAGNAR AB [SE/SE]; S-405 08 Götcborg (SE).
- (72) Inventor; and
- (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): SUNDQVIST, Tommy [SE/SE]; Flabäcksvägen 1, S-437 Lindome (SE).

- (74) Agent: FRÖHLING, Werner; Volvo Teknisk Utveckling AB, Patent Department, Avd 06820, CTP, S-412 88 Göteborg (SE).
- (81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: PLUG MEANS



(57) Abstract: The invention relates to a plug means (10, 18) for lockable sealing of a passage opening with a support surface (19) intended for positioning the plug means. Simple lockability and demountability are brought about by virtue of the plug means comprising a sealing plug (15) for interaction with the sides of the passage opening, a retaining means (129, connected to the sealing plug, for interaction with a hook means (20) connected to the passage, and a flexible resilient connecting element (149 between the sealing plug and the retaining means.

WO 01/98639 A1

WO 01/98639 A1



Published:

- with international search report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

1

Plug means

5

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a plug means for lockable sealing of a passage opening, with a support surface intended for positioning the plug means.

10

15

BACKGROUND

Today's environmental requirements relating to internal combustion engines mean that the crankcase ventilation of the engine has to pass through oil-separation arrangements intended for the purpose. Moreover, the crankcase is to be designed so that the risk of leakage to the environment is minimal.

There are also fire safety requirements for flammable 20 liquids such as engine oil not to be spread from a vehicle, even in the event of engine trouble. In the engine seizure, for example, overpressures can arise inside the crankcase. It should not be possible for such an overpressure to lead to, for example, a dipstick arranged in the crankcase to be 25 pressed out of its normal mounting position. Although the oil level in an internal combustion engine can be monitored electronically, it is advantageous to be able to inspect the condition of the oil visually.

30

It is known to provide dipsticks with locking means, for example a bayonet mount or the like, which makes it possible to rotate the dipstick into a locking position. There is always a risk, however, that locking

2

will not be effected correctly, the sealing function then being lost. It is therefore desirable for a plug means to be easy to handle for the operator, so that it can be guided into and out of its locking position without difficulty.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

One object of the invention is therefore to produce a lockable plug means which is easy to demount and to fit in a locked position of use.

To this end, the plug means according to the invention is characterized by a sealing plug for interaction with the sides of the passage opening, a retaining means, connected to the sealing plug, for interaction with a hook means connected to the passage, and a flexible resilient connecting element between the sealing plug and the retaining means. By virtue of this design of the plug means, the retaining means can easily be guided into or out of its retaining position counter to the action of the flexible resilient connecting element.

Further advantageous illustrative embodiments of the invention emerge from the subclaims which follow.

25

10

15

20

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF FIGURES

The invention is described in greater detail below, with reference to illustrative embodiments shown in the accompanying drawings, in which

- 30 FIG. 1 is a partial side view of a dipstick forming part of the plug means according to the invention,
 - FIG. 2 shows a partial side view of a mounting for the dipstick shown in Fig. 1,

FIG. 3 is a partial side view of the dipstick according to Fig. 1, mounted in the mounting according to Fig. 2, in a normal position of use, and

FIG. 4 shows the components in Fig. 3 in a position in which the dipstick is about to be drawn out of the mounting.

DESCRIPTION OF ILLUSTRATIVE EMBODIMENTS

The illustrative embodiment shown in the figures relates to a plug means in the form of a dipstick, but the invention can also be applied to other types of plug means.

Fig. 1 shows the upper part of a dipstick 10 which comprises a ring-shaped handle 11 which merges in its 15 lower part with a flange-shaped retaining means 12 which is oriented transversely to the longitudinal axis 13 of dipstick. The handle 11 is the connected tensionproof manner to a flexible resilient steel cable 20 14 which is connected at its free end (not shown) to a measuring stick for measuring the oil level, for example in the crankcase of an internal combustion engine.

A cylindrical sealing plug 15 is mounted coaxially on the cable 14 at a given suitable distance from the retaining means 12. The sealing plug has a diameter which is adapted to the diameter of the opening to be sealed, and is conically chamfered at the end so as to facilitate introduction into such an opening. The sealing plug is also provided with a peripheral groove 16 which accommodates an O-ring 17 made of rubber.

Fig. 2 shows an elongate tubular support 18 which is intended to be mounted upright in a crankcase, so that

4

it forms a passage from the outside into the crankcase. This passage then forms a guide for the dipstick 10 so that its end is directed down into an oil sump belonging to the crankcase.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The tubular support 18 is provided with a support surface 19 which defines the end point of the insertion of the dipstick into the support. A hook means 20 is arranged at one side of the support surface of the tubular support 18 in such a manner that the flange portion 12 of the handle 11 can pass the hook means. This position is shown in Fig. 3 and means that the dipstick is secured in this position by a retaining surface 22 which extends transversely to the longitudinal axis 21 of the support 18, faces the opening of the support and is arranged so as to act against the upper side of the flange 12 of the handle 11. Introduction of the dipstick into this position is facilitated by virtue of the hook means being provided with a chamfered sliding surface 23. The flange portion 12 of the handle is also provided with a chamfered sliding surface 24, directed downwardly in the figures. The sliding surfaces 23, 24 are suitably chamfered at an angle of roughly 45°, but other angles are also possible.

The flexible resilient portion of the cable 14 between the flange 12 and the plug 15 makes it possible for the handle to be displaced slightly in the lateral direction in relation to the longitudinal axis 21 of the tubular support. By virtue of this, the dipstick can be fitted in its locking position without any appreciable resistance or difficulty. The locking is sufficiently

strong to secure the dipstick safely even if a high

5

WO 01/98639

20

25

PCT/SE01/01390

overpressure arises momentarily in the crankcase.

Fig. 4 shows how the dipstick 10 can easily be freed from the locking position. This is made possible by virtue of the support surface 19 having a chamfering 25 on the diametrically opposite side of the opening of the tubular support in relation to the hook means 20. It is therefore possible to angle the handle, as Fig. 4 shows, 10 in the direction of the arrow 26, the flange portion 12 then moving in the lateral direction until the flange edge can pass the tip of the hook means 20. A certain lateral force on the handle 11, in order to free the dipstick from the locking position, and also a tensile force are therefore required, which prevents the 15 dipstick being from its freed locking unintentionally.

The invention is not to be considered as being limited to the illustrative embodiments described above, but a number of other variants and modifications are possible within the scope of the patent claims below. For example, the connecting element does not have to be a steel cable, but can be replaced by, for example, a suitable plastic material.

6

PATENT CLAIMS

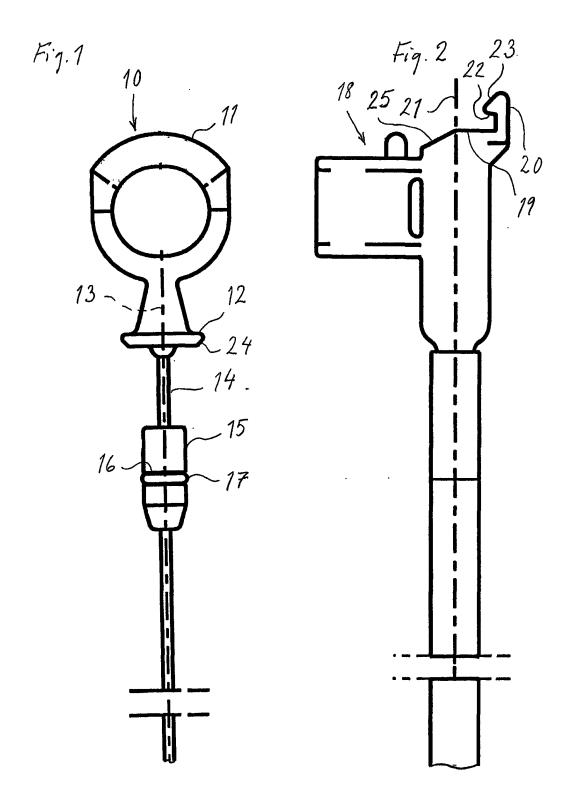
- 1. A plug means (10, 18) for lockable sealing of a passage opening with a support surface (19) intended for positioning the plug means, characterized in a sealing plug (15) for interaction with the sides of the passage opening, a retaining means (12) connected to the sealing plug for interaction with a hook means (20) which is connected to the passage, and a flexible resilient connecting element (14) between the sealing plug and the retaining means.
- 2. The plug means as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the hook means (20) comprises a retaining surface (22) projecting essentially transversely to the longitudinal axis (21) of the passage opening and facing said opening.
- 3. The plug means as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the hook means (20) is provided with a sliding surface (23) chamfered essentially transversely to the center axis (21) of the passage opening and facing in the opposite direction.

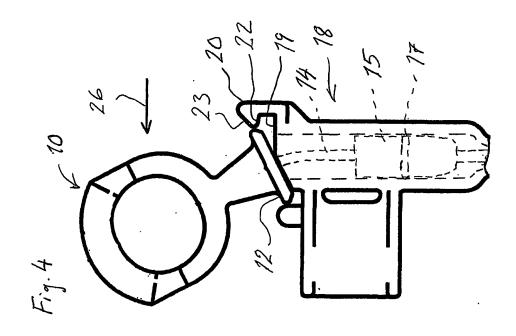
25

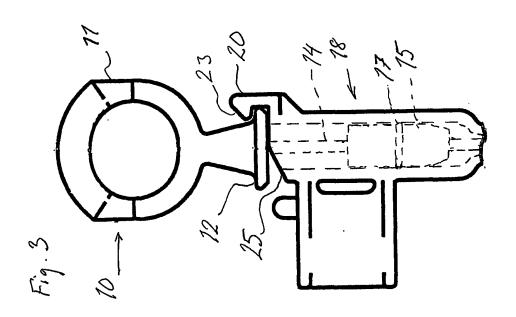
10

4. The plug means as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that the sliding surface (23) has an angle of chamfer of roughly 30 to 60°, suitably roughly 45°.

- 5. The plug means as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the hook means (20) is located at one side of the passage opening, and in that the support surface (19) is provided with an oblique chamfer (25) on the diametrically opposite side of the passage opening.
- The plug means as claimed in any one of claims 1 to
 characterized in that the retaining means (12)
 comprises a retaining surface projecting essentially transversely to the center axis of the sealing plug (15) and facing away from the same.
- 7. The plug means as claimed in claim 6, characterized in that the retaining means (12) is provided with a sliding surface (24) chamfered essentially transversely to the center axis of the sealing plug (15) and facing the same.
- 20 8. The plug means as claimed in claim 7, characterized in that the sliding surface (24) has an angle of chamfer of roughly 30 to 60°, suitably roughly 45°.
- 9. The plug means as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that the connecting element (14) consists of a steel cable.
- 10. The plug means as claimed in any one of claims 1-9, characterized in that the connecting element (14) is extended through the sealing plug (15) and connected to a level stick for measuring a fluid level.







INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SE 01/01390

		1			
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJ	ECT MATTER				
IPC7: F01M 11/12, G01F According to International Patent Class	ent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC ched (classification system followed by classification symbols) F16L				
B. FIELDS SEARCHED					
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)					
IPC7: F01M, G01F, F16L					
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched					
SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)					
EPO-INTERNAL, WPI DATA,	PAJ				
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED	TO BE RELEVANT				
Category* Citation of document, w	rith indication, where app	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
	s of Japan, abst (AICHI MACH IND		1		
	. ISHIHARA ET AL) figures 1-6), 19 May 1992	1		
	=				
		·			
Further documents are listed in	the continuation of Box	C. X See patent family annex	K.		
Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of to be of particular relevance	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered date and not in combiet with the application but cited to understand				
"E" earlier application or patent but publish filing date	ed on or after the international	"X" document of particular relevance: the considered novel or cannot be considered.	claimed invention cannot be		
"L" document which may throw doubts on a cited to establish the publication date of special reason (as specified)		step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance: the			
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure means	e, use, exhibition or other	considered to involve an inventive ster combined with one or more other such	when the document is a document, such combination		
	document published prior to the international filing date but later than				
Date of the actual completion of the	international search	Date of mailing of the international s	earch report		
12 Comt 2001		2 6 -09- 2001			
12 Sept 2001 Name and mailing address of the IS	:Δ/	Authorized officer			
ame and mailing address of the ISA/ Wedish Patent Office					
ox 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Jan-Axel Ylivainio / MRo					
Facsimile No. +46 8 666 02 86					

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1998)

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members				onal application No.
			PCT/SE	01/01390
Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date
US 5113594	A 19/05/92	DE 41143 JP 28921 JP 40139	53 A,C 02 B 29 A	21/11/91 17/05/99 17/01/92
,				
		•		
		•		